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## **Getting Started**

In this guide we have provided explanations and sample forms to assist **second to fifth year American JETs** with the tax-filing process. For complete details, consult **Publication 54** (*Tax Guide for U.S. Citizens and Resident Aliens Abroad*), which can be accessed by the link provided at the end of this guide or online at the IRS website (<u>www.irs.gov</u>) by searching for **Publication 54**.

You can choose to either **paper file** or **e-file** your taxes. Unless otherwise noted, all forms covered in this guide can be e-filed. If you are interested, please see the **E-Filing** section later in the guide.

If you choose to paper file, which IRS address you mail your forms to depends on if you are paying or not:

• If you are <u>not making a payment</u>, send all tax forms to the following address:

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA

• If you do have to make any <u>payments</u>, send them and your tax forms to the following address:

Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 1303 Charlotte, NC 28201-1303 USA

The IRS website (www.irs.gov) lists a lot of information to help citizens living abroad with the tax-filing process. Go to "File" in the upper left corner and then "International Taxpayers" on the left sidebar. You can find most of the general questions about tax law answered there and at the following address: <a href="https://www.irs.gov/individuals/international-taxpayers/us-citizens-and-resident-aliens-abroad">https://www.irs.gov/individuals/international-taxpayers/us-citizens-and-resident-aliens-abroad</a>

You can also contact the Philadelphia International Taxpayer Service Call Center by phone (1-267-941-1000, not toll-free) or fax (1-267-941-1055). They are operational M-F from 6:00am to 11:00pm Eastern Time. You can also mail questions to the IRS at the following address: Internal Revenue Service, Philadelphia, PA 19255-0725

Depending on which state you lived in before moving to Japan, there may be extra steps to take for your individual state taxes. State taxes will not be covered in this guide, as ESID (every state is different). We recommend you check with your state tax agency - make sure to do so as soon as possible, *before* April 18. Generally speaking, you should confirm the following information:

- Residency rules (if you are treated as a resident / non-resident, etc.)
- If your state accepts the federal Foreign Earned Income Exclusion
- If you are filing Form 4868, whether you are required to file a separate state extension form

## **Tax Documents**

#### IRS Tax Forms You Will Need to File

IRS Form Number	Form Name	Filing Deadline								
Informa	Informational Forms – File <u>separately</u> from Form 1040									
☐ FinCEN 114 <sup>△</sup>	Report of Foreign Bank and	By April 18								
ONLY if you had over	Financial Accounts (FBAR)									
\$10,000 USD worth of										
currency in your foreign bank										
account(s) at any point in the										
year										
Income	Tax Return – File the below forms al	l together								
□ Form 1040	U.S. Individual Income Tax Return	With payments: by April 18								
		Without payments: by June 15								
□ Form 1040 – Schedule 1	Additional Income and Adjustments	File with Form 1040								
	to Income									
□ Form 1040 – Schedule B	Interests and Ordinary Dividends	File with Form 1040								
□ Form 2555	Foreign Earned Income	File with Form 1040								

Your individual tax situation may require you to file more forms than those listed above; this is merely a list of those relevant to filing with foreign income. We have listed some potential additional situations under "Notes & Resources," but please do your own research as needed.

## **Support for Form 1040**

You get these from someone else to reference for preparing Form 1040 and send a copy to the IRS as proof. If you e-file, just keep them for your records in case the IRS asks for a copy in the future.

Foreign Earned Income Statement	Send with Form 1040
(gensen choushuu hyou)	

- If your address in Japan has changed since you filed last year, you should file another Form 8822 as well (see tax guide for first-year JETs) and send it to the appropriate IRS location.
- It is unnecessary to request an extension to file, but you can if you so choose by filing **Form 4868** (see tax guide for first-year JETs). Doing so gives you until October 16 to send in your tax forms, but *not* any payments.

## E-Filing

Don't want to deal with the post office? Neither does the IRS. E-filing is often more convenient, leaves less room for error, and gets your return processed faster.

Your **Form 1040** tax return now requires a bit more legwork to find sites that will let you file the additional forms you need to include while working abroad. For example, e-filing **Form 2555** for your foreign earned income exclusion is often not supported on "free" versions of well-known tax filing sites like T\*rboT\*x and HR Bl\*ck. If you wish to use these sites, you may be charged \$50 or more just to file **Form 2555**.

The IRS itself provides two services to try to help Americans e-file for free: <a href="https://www.irs.gov/filing/free-file-do-your-federal-taxes-for-free">https://www.irs.gov/filing/free-file-do-your-federal-taxes-for-free</a>

The <u>Free File Program</u> provides free e-filing on a **guided tax filing site** akin to those mentioned earlier, so long as you meet their age and income requirements. Input your details in their <u>Online Lookup Tool</u> with your home address as Japan, and you will be given a list of sites that support your situation. The results should indicate that "Same criteria apply when filing with a foreign address." **You <u>must</u> create your account via the IRS official Free File site as instructed in the link, or you may end up getting charged.** The page should specifically indicate "IRS Free File Program" somewhere.

NOTE: These services often also support state filing but are not obligated to offer it for free. If/which states are free will be stated on the site and can be checked before making an account.

Alternatively, you can try out the <u>Free File Fillable Forms</u> service available to all U.S. filers regardless of age/income/etc, which is guaranteed to be free to file all included forms. These forms are filled out **the same as you would a paper form**, as explained in this guide, just submitted electronically. There are basic calculations pre-set in the forms (you must manually press the "Do the math" button located at the bottom of the screen), but there are no guided steps like on the sites mentioned earlier. See the <u>IRS guide</u> on restrictions for foreign filers using this service.

*NOTE: This service does not support state taxes.* 

As of the publication of this guide, all forms we have listed as attachments to **Form 1040**, including **Form 2555**, appear to be supported for free if you qualify for these sites. This guide cannot attest to their continued support or support for any other aspect of your individual tax situation. Please review the guidelines on the IRS Free File site and list of supported forms on the site you choose, as they may be subject to change.

If you wish to extend your filing deadline, **Form 4868** can also be e-filed using these sites, regardless of how you choose to file your **Form 1040** later. You still must pay any taxes owed by April 18.

These resources were not designed with expats in mind so the experience may not be the smoothest, but we

hope that you may be able to successfully use them to e-file for free. We cannot guarantee what will work for you, and we cannot field questions regarding e-filing.

If you were able to use any of these sites to complete your return, great! **Before you officially submit your forms**, review the tax return generated and make sure **all the forms** mentioned in this guide are included with the **appropriate lines populated**. Remember to **print/save a copy** of your return when finished – you will need it to e-file again next year. If you owe money to the IRS, follow the instructions for how to pay on the e-filing site you used, and be sure to do so by **April 18**.

Now, let's get into the fun part!

# Foreign Earned Income Statement

The Japanese equivalent of the W-2 is called the 源泉徴収票 (gensen choushuu hyou) in Japanese, or your statement of earnings. This will act as a W-2 equivalent for the income you earned in Japan. Photocopy the form that your school or BOE gave you showing how much money you made in 2022. If you have not received it yet, ask the accountant in your school or BOE office. Indicate your name and your gross income on the photocopy and write "Foreign Earned Income Statement" across the top of the copy. You will file this copy with **Form 1040** (if e-filing, keep for your records).

*NOTE:* You will use the amount in ③ later in **Form 2555**, and you will need to include another annotation at the bottom of the copy, so have this copy readily available.

See the following page for an example with Japanese to English translations (taken from the JET Programme GIH):

NOTE: Your Statement of Earnings should have "令和 4 年分" at the top.

# STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

源泉徵収票

Foreign Earned Income Statement

Samp	le i	Stater	nent	of E	arnii	ıgs 🏻	原泉	人徵山	又票	見本	Z									In	com	e St	at	eme	ent		
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	(付用)	杜者	又は	所在地 又位名称																							
			2041.2	人工打印	<u>.</u>														(1886)								

- ① Address of employee 住所
- ② Name of employee 名前
- ③ Gross earnings from January to December (including tax for those who pay tax in Japan) 1月~12月までの給与総額で、日本で課税される場合は税額分を含む
- ④ Amount remaining from ③ after deductions on income③から給与所得控除額を引いた額
- ⑤ Fixed deduction based on Social Insurance and other premiums paid 社会保険料などの支払額をもとに一定額を控除するもの
- ⑥ Amount of income tax paid 所得税の額
- 不 Amount of Social Insurance premiums paid (Health Insurance and Pension Insurance)
   社会保険料 (健康保険料、厚生年金保険料)の支払い額

## Form 2555 – Foreign Earned Income

Form 2555 is used to exempt you from paying U.S. income taxes on the money you earned in Japan. Starting from tax year 2019, Form 2555-EZ has been discontinued. Please use Form 2555.

NOTE: There are limitations on certain credits and deductions you can claim when electing the Foreign Earned Income Exclusion (FEIE) through Form 2555. For more information on choosing exclusions before beginning this section, please check page 2 of Instructions for Form 2555.

<u>Part I</u> – First, enter your name and social security number. Fill in your address and employment information; enter "N/A" for Employer's U.S. address. Your employer is "other" – put something like "foreign local government office." Follow the instructions until you get to the part that asks what your tax homes were during the tax year. In this blank, enter your city in Japan and the date (month and year) you began living there. If you moved during 2022, make sure to list your former city as well. Make sure the whole year is covered. Month to month is enough – you do not need to specify the exact day you moved.

(For <u>2 Your occupation</u>, enter either "Assistant Language Teacher" or "Coordinator for International Relations".)

Departm	2555  nent of the Treasury Revenue Service	Foreign Earned Inco Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-8 Go to www.irs.gov/Form2555 for instructions and	SR.		OMB No. 1545-0074  2022  Attachment Sequence No. 34
	•	For Use by U.S. Citizens and Reside	ent Aliens Only		
	nown on Form 1040 or 1040-SR			Your soc	ial security number
Anya F	3.				123-45-6789
Part					
	our foreign address (includin	3 ,,			occupation
	<u> </u>	nachi, Kumamotoken, JAPAN, 123-4567	I /5 FC/ IIIC AL T-/OL	*See not	
3		noto Prefecture (for SHS ALTs); Your City/Town/Vil	lage (for ES/JHS ALTS/CI	RS)	
4a b	Employer's U.S. address	ess Base School Address (for SHS ALTs); BOE Ad	Idroce (for ES/IUS ALTS)	Office Ar	Idroce (for CIDs)
_	Employer is (check		<b>b</b> A U.S. company		
5	any that apply):	d ☐ A foreign affiliate of a U.S. company			
6a	7 11 77	rm 2555 or Form 2555-EZ, enter the last year yo			
b		le Form 2555 or Form 2555-EZ to claim either of			
c		either of the exclusions?			
ď	•	enter the type of exclusion and the tax year for w			
7	Of what country are you		morrano rovocanom mas	011001110	
8a	, , , ,	trate foreign residence for your family because of	of adverse living conditi	ons at vo	ur
-		foreign household in the instructions			
b		country of the separate foreign residence. Also,			
_	maintained a second ho	up a bold at that adduses			
9	List your tax home(s) du	ring your tax year and date(s) established. List al	l cities you lived in during	2022 and	I the dates when you
		hi, Kumamotoken, JAPAN from July 2021 to preser			

Almost everyone will fail the Bona Fide Residence Test, so skip Part II by entering "N/A" in Lines 10.

<u>Part III</u>\* – To meet the requirements of the Physical Presence Test, you must be present in a foreign country for at least 330 full days during any 12-month period that begins or ends in 2022. You must pass this test to allow your foreign earned income to be excludable on **Form 1040**.

The dates you enter on **Line 16** will depend on whether you returned to the U.S. in 2022. In the following image, you can see what your <u>Part III</u> should look like if you did not return to the U.S. at all during 2022.

Form 2	555 (2022)					Page 2
Part	III Taxpayers Qualifying Under Physi	ical Presence T	est			
	Note: U.S. citizens and all resident	aliens can use th	nis test. See inst	ructions.		
16	The physical presence test is based on the 13	2-month period from	om January	/ 1, 2022	through	December 31, 2022
17	Enter your principal country of employment of	luring your tax yea	ır. JAPAN			
18	If you traveled abroad during the 12-month provided for the foreign countries that didn't involve travel on If you have no travel to report during the permonth period." <b>Don't</b> include the income from	or over internatio eriod, enter "Physi	nal waters, or in c cally present in a	or over the Un foreign cour	nited States, ntry or count	for 24 hours or more. tries for the entire 12-
	(a) Name of country (including U.S.)	(b) Date arrived	(c) Date left	(d) Full days present in country	(e) Number of days in U.S. on business	(f) Income earned in U.S. on business (attach computation)
Physic	cally present in a foreign country or countries					
for the	e entire 12-month period.					

*NOTE: If you returned to the U.S. in 2022*, please check the annotations at the end of this section.

<u>Part IV</u> – Calculate your 2022 Foreign Earned Income by converting the amount ③ listed on your **Foreign Earned Income Statement** to USD and enter that figure on **Line 19**. The Internal Revenue Service has no official exchange rate and will accept "any posted exchange rate that is used consistently." You can see the Notes & Resources section for a list of sources. This guide will use the Federal Reserve Bank's  $\underline{2022}$   $\underline{average}$  Yen/USD exchange rate of \$1 = \$131.46.

For example:

 $\$3,500,000 \div \$131.46 = \$26,624.07$ 

2022 Foreign Earned Income							
19	Total wages, salaries, bonuses, commissions, etc	19	26,624				
20 a	Allowable share of income for personal services performed (see instructions): In a business (including farming) or profession	20a	0				
b	In a partnership. List partnership's name and address and type of income.						
		0b	0				
21	Noncash income (market value of property or facilities furnished by employer—attach statement showing how it was determined):						
а	Home (lodging)	21a	0				
b	Meals	1b	0				
С		21c	0				
d	Other property or facilities. List type and amount.						
	2	1d	0				

If you are paper filing your tax return, you can draw an asterisk and write, "See foreign earned income statement" at the bottom of page 2. Then, write a statement along the lines of "I used the 2022 average Yen/USD exchange rate as reported by [whatever source you used, e.g. the Federal Reserve Bank] to calculate the amount reported on **Line 19**. That rate was 1 = 131.46" on the foreign earned income statement at the bottom of the page. Sign your name to the note.

22	Allowances, reimbursements, or expenses paid on your behalf for services you performed:		
а	Cost of living and overseas differential		
b	Family		
С	Education		
d	Home leave		
е	Quarters		
f	For any other purpose. List type and amount.		
	<b>22f</b> 0		
g	Add lines 22a through 22f	22g	0
23	Other foreign earned income. List type and amount.		
		23	0
24	Add lines 19 through 21d, line 22g, and line 23	24	26,624
25	Total amount of meals and lodging included on line 24 that is excludable (see instructions)	25	0
26	Subtract line 25 from line 24. Enter the result here and on line 27 on page 3. This is your <b>2022 foreign</b>		
	earned income	26	26,624
			Form <b>2555</b> (2022)

NOTE: These are made-up numbers! <u>Yours will be different</u>. Check **Instructions for Form 2555** for more info.

<u>Part V</u> – Since JET salaries are substantially below the maximum foreign earned income exclusion (\$112,000), there is no need to claim the housing exclusion or housing deduction. Check "**No.**" and go to <u>Part VII</u>.

Form 2	555 (2022)		Page <b>3</b>
Part	V All Taxpayers		
27	Enter the amount from line 26	27	26,624

*NOTE: These are made-up numbers! Yours will be different.* 

<u>Part VII</u> – Calculate your Foreign Earned Income Exclusion. Use the 12-month period from **Part III Line 16** to calculate the number of days in your qualifying period that fall within calendar year 2022 and enter the number on **Line 38**. Count full days (24-hour period) spent in a foreign country/foreign countries.

Part	VII Taxpayers Claiming the Foreign Earned Income Exclusion		
37	Maximum foreign earned income exclusion. Enter \$112,000	37	112,000
38	If you completed Part VI, enter the number from line 31.		
39	<ul> <li>All others, enter the number of days in your qualifying period that fall within your 2022 tax year. See the instructions for line 31.</li> <li>If line 38 and the number of days in your 2022 tax year (usually 365) are the same, enter "1.000."</li> </ul>		
	• Otherwise, divide line 38 by the number of days in your 2022 tax year and enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places).	39	1 . 000
40	Multiply line 37 by line 39	40	112,000
41	Subtract line 36 from line 27	41	26,624
42	Foreign earned income exclusion. Enter the smaller of line 40 or line 41. Also, complete Part VIII	42	26,624

*NOTE: These are made-up numbers! Yours will be different.* 

<u>Part VIII</u> – Enter the total you calculated for Line 42 on Line 43. For Line 44, read the Instructions for Form 2555 (page 5) and Publication 54 (page 22) to determine if you have any deductions that are allocable to the excluded income. For many JETs, this will be "0."

Part	Part VIII Taxpayers Claiming the Housing Exclusion, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion, or Both							
43	Add lines 36 and 42	43	26,624					
44	Deductions allowed in figuring your adjusted gross income (Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 11) that are allocable to the excluded income. See instructions and attach computation	44	0					
45	Subtract line 44 from line 43. Enter the result here and on Schedule 1 (Form 1040), line 8d. Complete the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet in the Instructions for Form 1040 if you enter an amount							
	on this line	45	26,624					

*NOTE: These are made-up numbers! Yours will be different.* 

Since you will not be claiming the housing exclusion or housing deduction, skip Part IX.

Congratulations! You have completed filling out Form 2555! Save it and keep it open for future reference for Form 1040. You will file Form 2555 with Form 1040.

ANNOTATION: The previous examples, namely <u>Part III</u> and <u>Part VII</u>, were filled out to show what a JET who did not return to the U.S. during 2022 would look like. <u>If you returned to the U.S. any time during 2022</u>, you must state those dates on **Part III**, **Line 18**. See the example below.

Part	Taxpayers Qualifying Under Physi Note: U.S. citizens and all resident			ructions.						
16	The physical presence test is based on the 1	2-month period from	om January	/ 1, 2022	through	December 31, 2022				
17	Enter your principal country of employment of	luring your tax yea	ar. JAPAN							
18	If you traveled abroad during the 12-month period entered on line 16, complete columns (a)–(f) below. Exclude travel betweer foreign countries that didn't involve travel on or over international waters, or in or over the United States, for 24 hours or more If you have no travel to report during the period, enter "Physically present in a foreign country or countries for the entire 12-month period." <b>Don't</b> include the income from column (f) below in Part IV, but report it on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.									
	(a) Name of country (including U.S.)	(b) Date arrived	(c) Date left	(d) Full days present in country	(e) Number of days in U.S. on business	(f) Income earned in U.S. on business (attach computation)				
U.S.		Dec. 24, 2022	Jan. 3, 2023	11	0	0				

*NOTE: These are made-up dates!* Yours will be different.

- If you were in the U.S. for <u>less than 35 days total in 2022</u>, your dates for **Part III, Line 16** will still be January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. **Part VII, Line 38** will still be "365."
- ➤ If you were in the U.S. for more than 35 days total in 2022, you must also adjust the 12-month period on Part III, Line 16 accordingly to ensure the period includes 330 days outside of the U.S. (See our FAQ for an example.) This adjustment will change the number of days you report for Part VII, Line 38 and the related calculations. See the guide for first-year JETs for an example of how Part VII is reported when Part III, Line 16 is not January 1 through December 31.

## Form 1040 – U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

Form 1040 is used to report how much total money you earned in 2022. You will figure out if you get a refund, or if you owe even more money to Uncle Sam. When in doubt, consult a certified tax preparer and/or the official IRS instructions (online) to be sure you do not miss anything. You can also call the IRS.

Depending on your situation, you may need to submit additional tax forms with Form 1040. What is explained in this guide focuses on the specific parts related to living and working overseas, which requires Schedule B and Schedule 1. Be sure to take a look at the Instructions for Form 1040, then start at the top and work your way through, line by line, completing and attaching any relevant Schedules as necessary. Some more common schedules are Schedule A for itemized deductions (if you expect the items listed to total more than the standard deduction: \$12,950 for 2022), Schedule C for self-employment income, and Schedule D for capital gains/losses (e.g. sales of stocks/crypto). See this IRS list for more Schedules not covered here that you may potentially need to file.

#### **Schedule B – Interests and Ordinary Dividends**

Schedule B is used to report any money that you may have received from a brokerage firm, in which case you would have received a 1099-INT, 1099-OID, 1099-DIV, or a substitute statement from the firm. If you received taxable interest of \$10 or more, your bank or financial institution will send you a 1099-INT or 1099-OID that states the amount of taxable interest you will need to report to the IRS in Part I. Likewise, if you received taxable dividends, you will have received a Form 1099-DIV to report in Part II. Enter any interest or dividends you have received, otherwise enter "0"s for Schedule B Lines 1-6.

NOTE: Even if you did not receive a **1099-INT**, you are still required to report any interest earned and credited to your account during the tax year.

The main purpose of including this form in the tax guide is **Part III Foreign Accounts and Trusts**. As a JET participant, you must have a bank account in Japan to receive your salary. Your Japanese bank account is a foreign account, so you will answer "yes" to **Part III 7a**. To finish **Part III**, check yes, no, no as shown.

Part III	Υοι	u must complete this part if you (a) had over \$1,500 of taxable interest or ordinary dividends; (b) had	a fore	eign					
Foreign	account; or (c) received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign trust.								
Accounts			Yes	No					
and Trusts	7	a At any time during 2022, did you have a financial interest in or signature authority over a financial							
Caution: If required, failure to file FinCEN Form	)	account (such as a bank account, securities account, or brokerage account) located in a foreign country? See instructions	V						
114 may result in substantial penalties. Additionally, you		If "Yes," are you required to file FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Accounts (FBAR), to report that financial interest or signature authority? See FinCEN Form 114 and its instructions for filing requirements and exceptions to those requirements		V					
may be required to file Form 8938, Statement of		b If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114, list the name(s) of the foreign country(-ies) where the financial account(s) are located:							
Specified Foreign Financial Assets. See instructions.	8	During 2022, did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520. See instructions		V					

NOTE for Part III 7b: If your foreign bank account(s) exceeded \$10,000 at any time during 2022, you are required to file FinCEN 114 (the FBAR), which will change your answer. See the FBAR page later in this guide for more specific guidance on filing FinCEN 114.

Save Schedule B and file it together with Form 1040.

### Schedule 1 – Additional Income and Adjustments to Income

**Schedule 1** is used to report your foreign earned income exclusion that you calculated in **Form 2555** and any other additional income you may have received during the 2022 tax year. Whereas most of the items listed in **Schedule 1 Part I** add to your total income, your foreign earned income will be deducted from your total income.

For **Schedule 1 Line 8d**, enter your 2022 foreign earned income total from **Form 2555 Line 26**. The reason for **Schedule 1 Line 8d** being in parentheses is to indicate to the IRS that this value is going to be deducted in **Form 1040**. As for the other lines in **Schedule 1 Part I**, enter any values applicable to you.

SCHE	DULE 1	Additional Income and Adjustments to Income		C	MB No. 1545-0074
(Form	1040)		,		2022
Departm	ent of the Treasury	Attach to Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR.		Ι,	
	Revenue Service	Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.		5	Attachment Sequence No. <b>01</b>
Name	s) shown on Fo	rm 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR	Your so	_	security number
Anya F	orger			123-	45-6789
Par	t I Additio	onal Income			
1	Taxable refur	ids, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes		1	0
2a	Alimony rece			2a	0
b		al divorce or separation agreement (see instructions):			
3	Business inco	ome or (loss). Attach Schedule C		3	0
4		r (losses). Attach Form 4797		4	0
5		state, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. Attach Schedule		5	0
6		or (loss). Attach Schedule F		6	0
7		nt compensation		7	0
8	Other income				
а	Net operating	loss	0)		
b	Gambling .		0		
C	Cancellation	of debt	0		
d	Foreign earne	ed income exclusion from Form 2555 8d (	26,624)		
e	Income from	Form 8853	0		
f	Income from	Form 8889	0		
g		anent Fund dividends	0		
h		/	0		
i		vards	0		
j		ngaged in for profit income	0		
k		8	0		
ı		the rental of personal property if you engaged in the rental			
	•	were not in the business of renting such property 81	0		
m		d Paralympic medals and USOC prize money (see			
			0		
n		a) inclusion (see instructions)	0		
0		(a) inclusion (see instructions)	0		
р		excess business loss adjustment	0		
q		butions from an ABLE account (see instructions) 8q	0		
r		and fellowship grants not reported on Form W-2 8r	0		
S		amount of Medicaid waiver payments included on Form	0)		
		or 1d	0)		
t		nnuity from a nonqualifed deferred compensation plan or nental section 457 plan	0		
			0		
u z		d while incarcerated 8u	U		
2	Other income	8z	0		
9	Total other in	come. Add lines 8a through 8z	0	9	(26,624)
10		s 1 through 7 and 9. Enter here and on Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR,	line 8	10	(26.624)
		on Act Notice, see your tax return instructions. Cat. No. 71479F			ile 1 (Form 1040) 2022

If you paid student loan interest, continue with **Schedule 1.** Unless you earned more than \$70,000, you can just directly enter the amount of student loan interest you paid (up to \$2,500) into **Line 21**. Otherwise, calculate your eligible student loan interest deduction from the worksheet in **page 37** of **Publication 970**. Finish following the instructions for the rest of **Schedule 1**. Everything else will be "0"s for many JETs.

*NOTE:* You <u>cannot</u> claim this deduction if you were claimed as a dependent on your parents' taxes this year.

Schedu	e 1 (Form 1040) 2022				Page 2
Par	Adjustments to Income				
11	Educator expenses		 _	11	0
12	Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee				
	officials. Attach Form 2106			12	0
13	Health savings account deduction. Attach Form 8889			13	0
14	Moving expenses for members of the Armed Forces. Attach Form 3903			14	0
15	Deductible part of self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE			15	0
16	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans			16	0
17	Self-employed health insurance deduction			17	0
18	Penalty on early withdrawal of savings			18	0
19a	Alimony paid			19a	0
b	Recipient's SSN				
C	Date of original divorce or separation agreement (see instructions):				
20	IRA deduction			20	0
21	Student loan interest deduction			21	1,000
22	Reserved for future use			22	
23	Archer MSA deduction			23	0
24	Other adjustments:				
а	Jury duty pay (see instructions)	24a	0		
b	Deductible expenses related to income reported on line 8l from the				
	rental of personal property engaged in for profit	24b	0		
C	Nontaxable amount of the value of Olympic and Paralympic medals				
	and USOC prize money reported on line 8m	24c	0		
d	Reforestation amortization and expenses	24d	0		
е	Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits under the Trade				
	Act of 1974	24e	0		
f	Contributions to section 501(c)(18)(D) pension plans	24f	0		
g	Contributions by certain chaplains to section 403(b) plans	24g	0		
h	Attorney fees and court costs for actions involving certain unlawful	041-	0		
	discrimination claims (see instructions)	24h	U		
	Attorney fees and court costs you paid in connection with an award from the IRS for information you provided that helped the IRS detect				
	tax law violations	04:	0		
	Housing deduction from Form 2555	24i 24i	0		
j	Excess deductions of section 67(e) expenses from Schedule K-1 (Form	24]	U		
K	1041)	24k	0		
-	Other adjustments. List type and amount:	24K	U		
2		24z	0		
25	Total other adjustments. Add lines 24a through 24z		0	25	0
26	Add lines 11 through 23 and 25. These are your <b>adjustments to income</b>		on	20	0
20	Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 10, or Form 1040-NR, line 10a			26	1,000
	Total to to to to to organio region form fore rangimo four 1 1 1 1 1				ule 1 (Form 1040) 2022
				Joneul	(1 01111 1040) 2022

NOTE: These are made up numbers! Yours will be different.

Many student loan institutions report how much student loan interest you have paid by sending you (either by mail or electronically) Form 1098-E. If you make payments online, check there first to see if the student loan interest has already been calculated for you through an electronic file of Form 1098-E.

Save Schedule 1 and keep it open to reference for Form 1040.

#### Form 1040 – U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

Finally, we can start on **Form 1040** without interruptions. Enter your name and social security number and check the box for your filing status. For the purposes of this basic guide, our example is filing single with no dependents, but this will vary according to your personal situation (e.g. if you have a spouse and/or children.) Then, fill out your Japanese address information. If you dealt with digital assets (e.g. cryptocurrency, NFTs) in the 2022 tax year or wish to contribute to the Presidential Election Campaign, then check the appropriate boxes.

<b>1040</b>	Department of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Servi U.S. Individual Income Tax		urn 2	<b>022</b>	OMB No. 1545	-0074 IRS Use Onl	y—Do not write or staple in this space.	
Filing Status Check only one box.  Single Married filing jointly Married filing separately (MFS) Head of household (HOH) Qualifying surviving spouse (QSS)  If you checked the MFS box, enter the name of your spouse. If you checked the HOH or QSS box, enter the child's name if the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent:								
Your first name	and middle initial	Last na	me				Your social security number	
ANYA		FORGE	ER				123 45 6789	
If joint return, sp	ouse's first name and middle initial	Last na	me				Spouse's social security number	
,	number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see TORICHO 4-31	instruction	ons.			Apt. no.	Presidential Election Campaign Check here if you, or your	
City, town, or post office. If you have a foreign address, also complete spaces below.  INAKAMACHI  State  ZIP code  Spouse if filing jointly, want \$3 to go to this fund. Checking a box below will not change						to go to this fund. Checking a		
Foreign country	name	F	Foreign provinc	e/state/cou	unty	Foreign postal code	your tax or refund.	
JAPAN		K	CUMAMOTO	KEN		123-4567	You Spouse	
Digital Assets	At any time during 2022, did you: (a) rec exchange, gift, or otherwise dispose of a	•				•	` '	
Standard Deduction	Someone can claim: You as a de Spouse itemizes on a separate return	•	_	•	as a dependent en			
Age/Blindness	You: Were born before January 2, 1	958	Are blind	Spous	se: 🔲 Was bor	n before January	2, 1958	
Dependents	(see instructions):		(2) Social	security	(3) Relationsh	ip (4) Check the b	pox if qualifies for (see instructions):	
If more (1) First name Last name			num	ber	to you	Child tax of	credit Credit for other dependents	
than four								
dependents, see instructions								
and check								
here								

NOTE: Some recent college graduates are claimed as dependents by their parents. If you have confirmed that this is your case, check the box labeled "Someone can claim you as a dependent" on the standard deduction section. This is important, as it will change the deduction you claim later on **Line 12a**, and can mess up your parents' taxes if you miss it.

On Form 1040 Line 1a, enter any 2022 U.S. W-2 income. On Line 1h, enter your income from Japan (Form 2555 Line 26). Most reappointed JETs will only have the Line 1h amount to report. Add together Lines 1a-1i and enter the total into Line 1z.

If you had any interest or dividends to report from **Schedule B**, then enter them into the respective **Form 1040 Line 2a-b** and **Form 1040 Line 3a-b**. For many people, everything else is zeroes until you get to **Line 8**. For this, you will need to go to **Schedule 1**.

Enter the number you got from **Schedule 1 Line 10** on **Form 1040 Line 8**. Make sure to put parentheses around the number again so that the IRS understands that you are subtracting this number. Then, add together **Form 1040 Lines 1z-8**. Enter this new number on **Line 9**. This total is your *Total Income* for 2022.

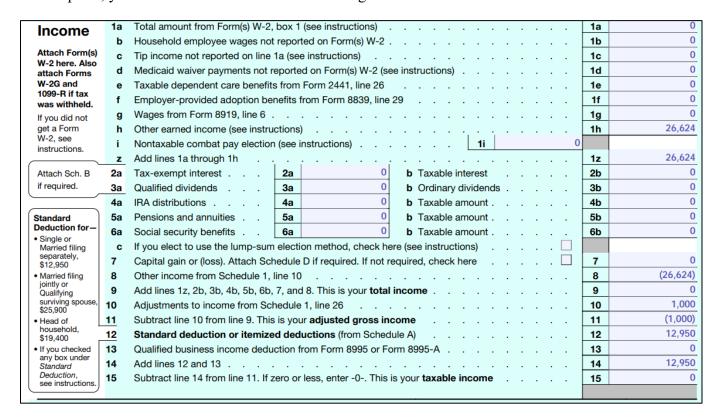
Next, if you continued to Part II Line 26 on Schedule 1, enter the number from that line into Form 1040

Line 10 and subtract Form 1040 Line 10 from Form 1040 Line 9. Enter the result into Form 1040 Line 11. (If negative, use parentheses.) This is your *Adjusted Gross Income* (AGI) for 2022.

Afterwards, enter either your standard deduction or itemized deduction on **Form 1040 Line 12** (most people will claim the standard deduction: \$12,950 for 2022). If you checked that someone can claim you as a dependent in the Standard Deduction section, check the instructions for this year's limit.

Line 13 deals mostly with self-employment deductions, which for many JETs will be "0." Add Lines 12 and 13 and enter the result on Line 14. Finally, subtract Line 14 from Line 11 and then enter the result into Line 15 (If negative, enter "0".) This is your *Taxable Income* for 2022.

At this point, your **Form 1040** should look something like this:



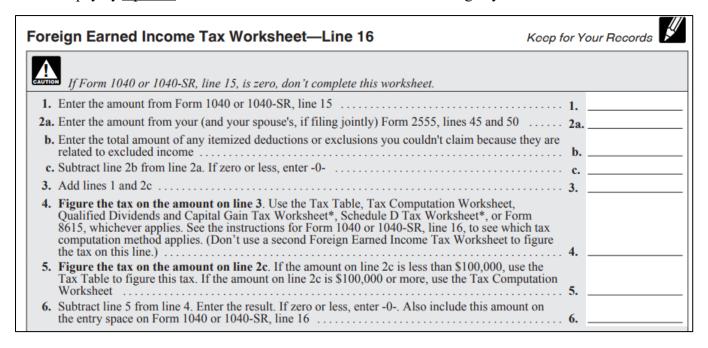
*NOTE: These are made up numbers!* Yours will be different.

By the time you get here, you will have dealt with most of the foreign income related stuff and weeded it out. Everything from here should be straightforward (tedious, but straightforward).

If Line 15 is zero, Line 16 will also be zero. That was easy!

Form 1040 (202	Form 1040 (2022) Page 2				
Tax and	16	Tax (see instructions). Check if any from Form(s): 1 8814 2 4972 3 16	0		
Credits	17	Amount from Schedule 2, line 3	0		
	18	Add lines 16 and 17	0		
	19	Child tax credit or credit for other dependents from Schedule 8812	0		
	20	Amount from Schedule 3, line 8	0		
	21	Add lines 19 and 20	0		
	22	Subtract line 21 from line 18. If zero or less, enter -0	0		
	23	Other taxes, including self-employment tax, from Schedule 2, line 21	0		
	24	Add lines 22 and 23. This is your <b>total tax</b>	0		

But if Line 15 is not zero, you have a little more math to do. Calculate your *Tax* for Line 16 using the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet as shown below (from page 35 of the Instructions for Form 1040). For worksheet Lines 4 and 5, you will have to consult the 2022 Tax Table (page 63 of the Instructions for Form 1040). Make sure to enter the number from worksheet Line 6 into Form 1040, Line 16, and then calculate Line 24 for your *Total Tax*. Your *Total Tax* is the amount you owe to the IRS and must pay by April 18 or else interest will accrue from the following day.



If you have filled in your personal information from Lines 25-32 and found that you have an amount on Line 34 that is not "0," congratulations! This number is the refund due to you from the IRS. Fill in Lines 34-35 for a direct deposit into your American bank account. If you have to pay taxes, refer to the Instructions for Form 1040 on payment methods and where to send your payment.

Payments	25	Federal income tax withheld from:	
•	а	Form(s) W-2	
	b	Form(s) 1099	
	C	Other forms (see instructions)	
	d	Add lines 25a through 25c	0
If you have a	26	2022 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2021 return	0
qualifying child,	27	Earned income credit (EIC)	
attach Sch. EIC.	28	Additional child tax credit from Schedule 8812	
	29	American opportunity credit from Form 8863, line 8	
	30	Reserved for future use	
	31	Amount from Schedule 3, line 15	
	32	Add lines 27, 28, 29, and 31. These are your total other payments and refundable credits 32	0
	33	Add lines 25d, 26, and 32. These are your <b>total payments</b>	0
Refund	34	If line 33 is more than line 24, subtract line 24 from line 33. This is the amount you overpaid 34	0

After all that (or if neither situation above is the case), remember to <u>sign and date in the box</u>. Save a copy of all your tax forms and then send it to the appropriate IRS address. You should be good to go after reaching this point, so don't wait until the last minute!  $(\Box \bullet \smile -)\Box \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box$ 

NOTE: You do not need to designate a third-party to discuss the return. Also, if the amount on **Line 34** is less than \$1, then you must explicitly request it to be refunded to you or they will not send it to you.

If you are living abroad when the official deadline to file taxes is due, you are automatically granted a two-month extension from April 18 until June 15. If, for some reason, you need additional time to prepare your tax forms, you can request an extension to file your taxes up until October 15 by filing **Form 4868** (see tax guide for first-year JETs). However, any payments to the IRS you need to make must still be sent by April 18.

Once you have completed your tax return, sign and date the forms and mail them all to the IRS office in Austin, TX. Your tax return will include at least Form 1040, Schedule 1, Schedule B, Form 2555, and the Foreign Earned Income Statement.

## FinCEN Form 114 – Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Accounts (FBAR)

The **FBAR** is an informational form that must be filed *only* by anyone who had **over \$10,000 USD** in their foreign bank account(s) at <u>any point</u> during the calendar year – not at the end of the year, not averaged, but on any singular day. The **FBAR** is filed <u>separately</u> from your **Form 1040** and **must be e-filed**, regardless of how you file your tax return. You do not have to calculate any taxes or pay any money, but there can still be penalties for late filing or failure to file. The deadline to file the **FBAR** is **April 18**.

By "foreign bank accounts," they mean just that: any <u>non-American</u> bank accounts, so not including any money you have sitting back home. However, if you have bank accounts in foreign countries other than Japan, or multiple Japanese bank accounts, the \$10,000 limit will apply to all of them in aggregate. For example, if you have \$5,000 in one foreign account and \$5,001 in another, you must file the **FBAR**.

The **FBAR** uses the <u>Treasury Reporting Rates of Exchange</u> for the last calendar day of the year. For December 31, 2022, this was \$1 = \$131.83. Thus, if you had **over \$1,318,300** in your Japanese bank account(s) at <u>any point</u> during the year, you must file the **FBAR**.

NOTE: The exchange rate you use to convert from JPY to USD for the **FBAR** is <u>different</u> from the one you use on your tax return. Please do not confuse the two exchange rates.

The form will ask for bank information like the name and address of the bank, the name of the account holder, the account number, type of account (e.g. checking or savings), and the maximum value in USD of the account during the year. If you qualify to file with multiple accounts, you will need the info from all of them, even if any of them are individually under \$10,000.

You can file your **FBAR** for free at the website indicated by the IRS guidelines: <a href="https://www.irs.gov/businesses/small-businesses-self-employed/report-of-foreign-bank-and-financial-accounts-fbar">https://www.irs.gov/businesses/small-businesses-self-employed/report-of-foreign-bank-and-financial-accounts-fbar</a>

For additional guidance, see <u>Publication 5569</u> or the <u>IRS guide</u> to filing the **FBAR**.

Remember to fill out Schedule B as pictured below, answering "Yes" To Line 7b:

Part III	You	must complete this part if you (a) had over \$1,500 of taxable interest or ordinary dividends; (b) had	a fore	eign						
Foreign	account; or (c) received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign trust.									
Accounts and Trusts	70	At any time during 2022, did you have a financial interest in or signature authority over a financial	Yes	No						
Caution: If required, failure to file FinCEN Form		account (such as a bank account, securities account, or brokerage account) located in a foreign country? See instructions	V							
114 may result in substantial penalties. Additionally, you		If "Yes," are you required to file FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Accounts (FBAR), to report that financial interest or signature authority? See FinCEN Form 114 and its instructions for filing requirements and exceptions to those requirements	~							
may be required to file Form 8938, Statement of		If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114, list the name(s) of the foreign country(-ies) where the financial account(s) are located: JAPAN								
Specified Foreign Financial Assets. See instructions.	8	During 2022, did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520. See instructions		V						

## **Links to Forms and Publications**

#### Form 2555 Foreign Earned Income

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f2555.pdf (Form)

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/i2555.pdf (Instructions)

#### Form 1040 U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f1040.pdf (Form)

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/i1040gi.pdf (Instructions, including for all Schedules)

## Form 1040 - Schedule 1 Additional Income and Adjustments to Income

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f1040s1.pdf (Form)

#### Form 1040 - Schedule B Interest and Ordinary Dividends

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f1040sb.pdf (Form)

https://www.irs.gov/instructions/i1040sb (Instructions)

### Form 4868 Application for Automatic Extension of Time to File U.S. Taxes

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f4868.pdf (Form and instructions)

#### Form 8822 Change of Address

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f8822.pdf (Form and instructions)

## Publication 54 Tax Guide for U.S. Citizens and Resident Aliens Abroad (very detailed instructions)

https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/p54.pdf

#### Publication 970 Tax Benefits for Education

http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/p970.pdf

#### **Publication 5569** FBAR Reference Guide

http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/p5569.pdf

## **Notes and Resources**

- ♦ Other Resources:
  - ➤ The U.S. Embassy in Japan's Tax Page
  - https://jp.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-services/internal-revenue-service-u-s-taxes/
- ♦ IRS info for U.S. Citizens Living Abroad
  - https://www.irs.gov/individuals/international-taxpayers/taxpayers-living-abroad
- ♦ Concerning COVID-19
  - ➤ There are no COVID-19 related tax credits or extensions for the 2022 tax year.
- ❖ Individual cases and circumstances will vary. Additional procedures will be necessary if one of the following statements is applicable to you:
  - You moved out of Japan during the 2022 tax year
  - You are married and/or have dependents of your own
  - Someone else will claim you as a dependent for the 2022 tax year
  - You earn income from stocks, bonds, real estate or other investments
  - The total value of your specified foreign assets is more than \$200,000 on the last day of the tax year or more than \$300,000 at any time during the year (check out **Form 8938**)
  - > Any number of other circumstances
- ♦ Per the IRS: "The Internal Revenue Service has no official exchange rate. Generally, it accepts any posted exchange rate that is used consistently." A list of sites that post such exchange rates is available in the IRS link here: <a href="https://www.irs.gov/individuals/international-taxpayers/foreign-currency-and-currency-exchange-rates">https://www.irs.gov/individuals/international-taxpayers/foreign-currency-and-currency-exchange-rates</a> Make sure you are using the <a href="mailto:annual average">annual average</a> rate.
  - This guide uses the Federal Reserve Bank average annual exchange rate figure of 1 = 131.46, which can be found at http://www.federalreserve.gov/Releases/g5a/Current/
- ♦ This guide is in no way affiliated with the IRS or the U.S. Government.
  - The IRS *not this document* is the final authority on tax-related matters. This is just a rough, unofficial guide. Be sure to check with instructions from the IRS to file your documents as correctly as possible. It is your responsibility to file your taxes correctly.
- ♦ This packet is intended to familiarize second to fifth year American JETs with the overseas tax-filing process. The process will be slightly different for first year American JETs.
- ❖ It is your responsibility to be aware of the tax filing deadlines and to submit the forms on time. We will not remind you of the deadlines as they come.
- ♦ Please remember that if you owe taxes, you must make sure to pay by the federal deadline of April 18. The extensions mentioned in this guide are only for filing taxes. It is your responsibility to pay any and all taxes on time.
- ♦ We have compiled a list of frequently asked questions (and answers!) regarding the tax-filing process.
  These can be viewed on the Kumamoto JET website: <a href="https://kumamotojet.com/reiwa/u-s-tax-guide/">https://kumamotojet.com/reiwa/u-s-tax-guide/</a>